#### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of: HIGUCHI et al.

Art Unit: 1623

Application No.: 10/572,404

Examiner:

BLAND, LAYLA D

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For: DRUG AND FOOD OR DRINK FOR

IMPROVING HYPERGLYCEMIA

#### DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.132

Commissioner for Patents
P.O.Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450
Dear Sir:

#### I declare as follows:

- 1. I am employee of Morinaga Milk Industry Co., Ltd. located at 33-1, Shiba 5-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan, which is engaged in the business of production and sale of milk, and other foods.
- 2. I am one of co-inventors of the above-identified patent application.
- 3. Yongchaiyudha et al. describes Aloe vera L. juice and an antidiabetic activity of the juice. However, an Aloe vera juice described in Yongchaiyudha et al. contain 9,19-cyclolanostane-3-ol or 24-methylene-9,19-cyclolanostan-3-ol in an amount of much less than 0.001% by mass.
- 4. I have conducted the experiments described herein and present them as evidence supporting the above fact.

## 5. Purpose of the experiments Confirming amounts of 9,19-cyclolanostane-3-ol and

24-methylene-9,19-cyclolanostan-3-ol in the Aloe vera juice described in Yonqchaiyudha et al.

# 6. Method and result of the experiments Concentrations of 9,19-cyclolanostane-3-ol and 24-methylene-9,19-cyclolanostan-3-ol in the Aloe vera juice were measured using LC/MS/MS.

#### (1) Preparation of samples

9,19-Cyclolanostane-3-ol and 24-methylene-9,19-cyclolanostan-3-ol manufactured by the method described in Production Example 1 of WO2006/035525 were designated Standard Compounds.

The sample of Aloe vera juice (Sample 1) was manufactured according to Yongchaiyudha et al.

(2) Preparation of standard solution and internal standard solution To 1mg of Standard Compounds was added methanol/chloroform(4:1, v/v) respectively, and the compounds were dissolved to prepare standard solution(1mg/ml). Subsequently, methanol/chloroform(4:1, v/v) was added to precision-measured 1mg of Brassicasterol, and Brassicasterol was dissolved to prepare an internal standard stock solution(1mg/ml). The internal standard stock solution was diluted by methanol to prepare an internal standard specimen(10µg/ml).

#### (3) Method for experiments

[pretreatment of samples]

Pretreatment of samples was performed as described below.

- a) To 5ml of the each sample was added  $100\mu l$  of methanol (corresponding to the standard solution used for a standard sample solution for creation of a calibration curve), and further added the internal standard solution to obtain mixture.
- b) To the mixture was added 5ml of ethyl acetate, and mixed well using a shaking apparatus for 5 minutes.
- c) After centrifugation (3,000rpm, 4°C, 2min), organic layer was taken into a glass test tube, and dried in nitrogen gas stream at 40°C.

- d) To an aqueous layer after removing the organic layer in c), was added 5ml of ethyl acetate, and mixed well using the shaking apparatus for 5 minutes.
- e) After centrifugation (3,000rpm, 4°C, 2min), an organic layer was taken into the glass test tube (containing the dried organic layer obtained in c), and dried in nitrogen gas stream at 40°C.
- f) The dried organic layer in the glass test tube was re-fused to  $100\mu l$  of methanol and injected into LC/MS/MS for measurement.

#### (4) Method of measurement

[Conditions of HPLC]

HPLC 1100 Series (Agilent Technologies, Inc.)

Column Daisopak SP-100-3-ODS-P, 2.0 mm i.d.×150 mm

(DAISO CO., Ltd.)

Mobile phase A: 0.1% acetate B: acetonitrile

 $(A:B = 20:80 \rightarrow 0:100 \rightarrow 0:100 \rightarrow 20:80 \rightarrow 20:80, v/v)$ 

 $(0.00 \rightarrow 40.00 \rightarrow 55.00 \rightarrow 55.10 \rightarrow 60.00 \text{ min})$ 

Flow rate 0.35 mL/min

Column temperature 40°C

Sample temperature 5°C

Injection volume 10 mL

Run time 60 min

#### [Condition of MS/MS]

MS/MS API 4000 (AB/MDS SCIEX)

Ionization method Atmospheric pressure chemical ionization

Ion polarity mode Positive

Scan mode Multiple reaction monitoring

Turbo probe temperature 350°C

Interface heater On

Needle Current 3 µA

Curtain gas flow 10 psi  $(N_2)$ 

Nebulizer gas flow (gas 1) 40 psi (Air)

Collision gas 5 units  $(N_2)$ 

Duration time 60 min

Switching valve 0.0-5.0 min, To waste; 5.0-60.0 min, To ion source

Concentrations of the compounds in the samples were calculated by

internal standard calibration curve method using Analyst ver. 1.3.1 (AB/MDS SCIEX). A weighting of calibration curve 1/x2 was applied. The concentration of each compound was calculated to three places of decimals.

### (5) Standard for selecting of data [Calibration curve]

Based on the result of measurement of the standard sample solution for creation of a calibration curve, a calibration curve was created in the range of concentrations retaining sensitivity and linearity. Evaluation was performed by calculating an accuracy of inverse regression concentration(%) at each of the concentration points.

The accuracy of inverse regression concentration(%) was calculated by the following expression using Analyst ver. 1.3.1 (AB/MDS SCIEX).

Accuracy(%) =  $100 \times inverse$  regression concentration / preparation concentration (calculated to one place of decimals)

#### [Criteria]

- \* Accuracy: 80.0-120.0%
- \* more than three-fourth points including maximum and minimum points satisfy the criteria of the accuracy
- (6) Results of evaluation

The results are shown in the following Table 1.

[Table 1] amounts of 9,19-cyclolanostan-3-ol and 24-methylene-9,19-syclolanostan-3-ol in Sample 1

	amount	
	[ng/g]	[% by mass]
9,19-cyclolanostan-3-ol	222.8	0.000022
24-methylene-9,19-cyclolanostan-3-ol	162.3	0.000016

As shown Table 1, the amounts of 9,19-cyclolanostan-3-ol and 24-methylene-9,19-syclolanostan-3-ol in Sample 1 are much less than 0.001% by mass.

7. I further declare that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true, and that all statements made on information and belief are believed

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to be true, and further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

By: Mynki / anaka

Miyuki Tanak

Date: April /O, 2008